

REPORT

To: CORPORATE SERVICES (LICENSING) SUB-COMMITTEE		Subject: SAFETY OF SPORTS GROUNDS - CERTIFICATION ARRANGEMENTS - CLIFTONHILL STADIUM, COATBRIDGE
From: HEAD OF CENTRAL SERVICES		
Date: 25 June 2012	Ref: LD/EH	

1. **Introduction**

- 1.1. The Council has adopted practices in relation to its responsibilities for the certification of "Designated Sports Grounds" in North Lanarkshire and agreed to the establishment of a Safety of Sports Grounds Officer Working Group representing a variety of disciplines which assist the process of certification.
- 1.2. The Council has also agreed that a programme of annual inspections be established and over the past few months officers of the Working Group have carried out inspections at Cliftonhill Stadium, Coatbridge and met with representatives from the stadium management to discuss a number of issues relating to the General Safety Certificate for the ground.

2. **Current Position**

As a result of these inspections, the undernoted matters have been identified as requiring attention, details of which have been passed to the Stadium Manager for his attention:-

- 2.1. An Annual Periodic Electrical Inspection Report is to be submitted.
- 2.2. A Certificate of Risk Assessment of barriers, claddings and structural elements is to be submitted.
- 2.3. A Certificate of Risk Assessment of the Stadium's adequacy is to be submitted.
- 2.4. The fire resistant doors which separate the main informal access stairway from the tunnel and the Main Stand are not fully self-closing and close fitting onto their frames.
- 2.5. With regard to the structural integrity of the stadium, I attach, as an Appendix to the report, a list of matters which have been identified and which require comment individually or as part of the annual certification arrangements.

3. **Recommendation**

It is recommended that the Sub-Committee hear verbal updates on any outstanding issues by the appropriate officers and from the stadium management of Cliftonhill Stadium and consider the renewal of the General Safety Certificate accordingly.

  
Head of Central Services

Encl.

# North Lanarkshire Council Safety at Sports Grounds

## Annual Inspection Report 2012

Design Services Division  
Addendum for Cliftonhill Stadium, Coatbridge

Annual Inspection 23rd March 2012

### Sheet No. 1 - List of Structural Observations

#### Main Stand (South Stand):

Steelwork forming Pitched Roof and its associated supporting Frame

- Areas of Flaking Paint and Corrosion.

The Annual Inspection & Structural Appraisal should comment on this.

- Take appropriate remedial action as part of an ongoing maintenance programme.

#### North Stand:

We understand that the North Stand and adjoining areas will not be used and will not form part of the annual licence for 2012/13. The North Stand should therefore be closed/cordoned off/supervised to prevent access.

The adjacent boundary fence should be inspected regularly by a competent person(s) and appropriate repairs should be carried out as (and when) necessary. The annual inspection report should comment on this.

#### General:

We understand that the East and West terraces will not be used and will not form part of the licence for 2012/13. These areas should therefore be closed/cordoned off/supervised to prevent access.

The masonry boundary wall at the west end of the stadium is in poor condition. This wall should be inspected regularly by a competent person(s) and appropriate repairs should be carried out as (and when) necessary. The annual inspection report should comment on this.

#### Flood lights:

- Some small isolated Areas of Flaking Paint and Corrosion

The Annual Inspection & Structural Appraisal should comment on this.

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Annual Inspection 23rd March 2012

### Sheet No. 2 - List of Structural Observations

#### Annual Inspection:

Management should arrange a detailed annual inspection of all structures, components and installations and provide appropriate certification in support of the same.

The inspection should:

- a. ensure that all standing surfaces, seats, stairs, ramps, doors, gates, boundary walls, fences and claddings are fit for their intended purpose.
- b. ensure that load-bearing elements are capable of withstanding the loads to which they are likely to be subjected and that they perform properly their required functions.
- c. assess which barriers should be tested in accordance with the guidance found in chapter 11 of the Guide.

The annual inspection should be carried out by a chartered engineer of the appropriate skill and experience. It should clearly state which parts of the stadium are fit for purpose and which parts of the stadium are not fit for purpose.

*It should be noted that the previously submitted Annual Inspection report (dated 14th July 2010) focussed on the structural steelwork forming the Main Stand. Future Reports should cover the many other elements of the stadium including hoardings, floodlights, glazed panels, walls etc. It should also include areas of the stadium which (although not in use) still have a bearing on the safety of the public i.e. perimeter boundary walls/fencing.*

#### Structural Appraisal:

Management should arrange a structural appraisal of all existing structures and provide appropriate certification in support of the same.

The extent to which a detailed structural appraisal is necessary for existing structures cannot be prescribed. Much will depend upon the type of structure, its size, condition, location, the materials used in its construction and the standard of maintenance. The Standing Committee on Structural Safety (SCOSS) advises that an interval between appraisals of 6-10 years is likely to be appropriate for most large structures at sports grounds. In view of the fact that no such appraisal has been issued previously for this stadium we believe that a Structural Appraisal is now appropriate.

Risk assessment should form an integral part of the appraisal process, with structures being categorised according to complexity and risk. The risk assessment should be used to supplement the criteria for the annual inspection (see 5.13 of the Guide) where appropriate. The more complex structures should be subject to independent checking.

Structural appraisal criteria should be established taking account of:

- a. load factors used in the original design
- b. the degree of redundancy present
- c. the risk of disproportionate collapse
- d. the consequence of failure

The acceptability of the current condition of the structure should be determined on the basis of inspection (and testing where necessary) and analysis. If the condition is found to be unacceptable that part of the sports ground should be taken out of use. Work to remedy the situation should be specified and undertaken and then inspected before the affected structure or part of the sports ground is brought back into use.

The appraisal methods described by the Institution of Structural Engineers in the publication *Appraisal of Existing Structures* are recommended. The appraisal should be carried out by a competent chartered engineer of the appropriate skills and experience.

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### Sheet No. 3 - List of Structural Observations

#### **Barriers and Risk Assessment:**

Management should arrange a Barriers Risk Assessment and provide appropriate certification in support of the same.

*All barriers (including crush barriers) should be subject to an annual risk assessment to determine the time period or periods at which all barriers should be tested. Every barrier identified by the risk assessment as a potential risk should be tested immediately.*

The risk assessment (which in practice, will be carried out in a similar fashion to an annual inspection) should be conducted and recorded by a chartered engineer, architect or surveyor of the appropriate skill and experience. It should take into account all relevant recommendations in the Guide, combined with a detailed appraisal of each of the following specific considerations:

- a. any available recorded information concerning the barriers design compliance.
- b. the adequacy of the barriers construction.
- c. the age of the barrier.
- d. any visual evidence of weakening or general deterioration of the barrier, including signs of corrosion, cracks, holes, misalignment, undue distortion, missing bolts or fittings.
- e. the barriers exposure to moisture.
- f. the possibility of water or moisture ingress into hollow steel sections.
- g. the barrier's location within the sports ground.

Those barriers which need to be tested immediately might include those whose theoretical strength is indeterminable, those which have suffered visible decay, and those where there is a potential for undetected deterioration.

Responsibility for appointing a competent person to undertake and record the results of a risk assessment of barriers lies with the management of the sports ground.